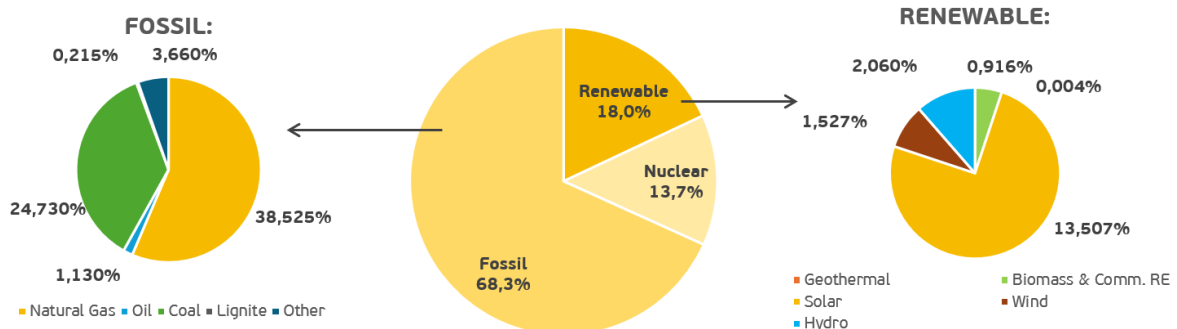


Distribution by energy source of the part of gross electricity consumption not certified with a guarantee of origin in 2025 (MEKH)

In accordance with the 6/2008. (V.18) KHEM decree, Hungarian Energy and Public Utility Regulatory Authority has published its data on the origin of electricity sold to electricity users not certified with a guarantee of origin in the period between 1st January and 31st December 2025, according to the primary energy sources.

<i>Percentage distribution by energy source of the part of gross electricity consumption not certified with a guarantee of origin</i>	
Renewable	18,0%
Geothermal	0,004%
Biomass & Communal RE	0,916%
Solar	13,507%
Wind	1,527%
Hydro	2,060%
Nuclear	13,7%
Fossil	68,3%
Natural gas	38,525%
Oil	1,130%
Coal	24,730%
Lignite	0,215%
Other	3,660%

Distribution by energy sources:



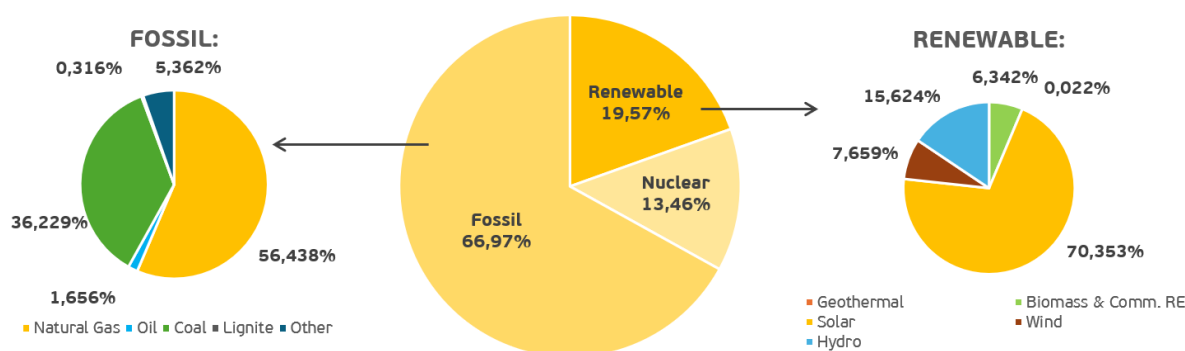
Source: MEKH

Source composition of the electricity sold to electricity users by Audax Renewables Kft. in 2025

In accordance with the 6/2008. (V.18) KHEM decree, Audax Renewables Kft. publishes in the following table its data on the origin of electricity sold to electricity users in the period between 1st January and 31st December 2025, according to the primary energy sources.¹

	Percentage distribution by energy source of electricity sold to electricity users
Renewable	19,57%
Geothermal	0,004%
Biomass & Communal RE	1,241%
Solar	13,765%
Wind	1,499%
Hydro	3,057%
Nuclear	13,46%
Fossil	66,97%
Natural gas	37,797%
Oil	1,109%
Coal	24,263%
Lignite	0,211%
Other	3,591%

Distribution by energy sources:



Indication of the source of data on the origin of electricity sold in terms of primary energy sources provided in the table: the data on electricity purchased from domestic traders is the value from domestic producers and international purchases.

The specific CO₂ emission of Audax Renewables Kft. is 444,93 gCO₂/kWh.

¹ In accordance with the guidance issued by the Hungarian Energy and Public Utility Regulatory Authority, and with a view to ensuring compliance with European transparency requirements as well as achieving a higher degree of data consistency, the methodology applied for determining the so-called *residual mix*—representing the composition of energy resources consumed by end-users that is either unknown or not explicitly traceable—has been revised. For the data published for the year 2025, the methodology has been changed from a transaction-based approach to an emissions-based approach. As a consequence of this methodological revision, the data presented in this publication are not suitable for comparison with data from previous years.